

## Circumstances in which you may not become a Governor

## These are, if you:

- Are a Director of the Trust or a Director of another NHS Foundation Trust;
- Are a person in relation to whom a moratorium period under a debt relief order applies (under Part 7A of the Insolvency Act 1986)
- Have been made bankrupt or their estate has been sequestrated and in either case has not been discharged;
- Have made a composition or arrangement with, or granted a trust deed for, their creditors and has not been discharged in respect of it;
- Have within the preceding five years been convicted in the British Islands of any offence, and a sentence of imprisonment (whether suspended or not) for a period of not less than three months (without the option of a fine) was imposed on them;
- Have in the preceding two years been dismissed by the Trust or any predecessor organisation, or in the case of another organisation, on any grounds other than redundancy;
- Have been excluded from the Trust's premises because of abusive or violent behaviour; and has been appropriately notified to that effect by the Chief Executive;
- Are a member of a Local Authority Overview and Scrutiny Committee for Health (Social Affairs and Health Scrutiny Commission);
- Lack capacity as defined by the Mental Capacity Act 2005;
- Are a vexatious complainant, in the opinion of the Board of Directors, who has
  persistently and without reasonable grounds made any unjustified
  complaint(s) the effect of which is to subject the Trust (or any of its staff,
  agents, patients or carers) to inconvenience, harassment or expense;
- Have been placed on a Safeguarding Register;
- Are a strategic member of a health monitoring organisation that would create a conflict of interest.

Staff cannot stand as public governors whilst employed by the Trust.